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THE South-Carolina Gazette.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Saturday, MARCH 8. to Saturday, MARCH 15. 1734-5.

The famous Town and Siege of Philipsburg *having been the Subject of a great Part of our foreign Intelligence for a conſiderable Time paſt, we cannot but think the following ſhort yet true Account of that Place muſt be acceptable to our Readers, and will ſerve to correct a Miſtake which has been received by many, viz. That* Philipsburg *was never taken before.*

PHilipsburg lies in the Biſhoprick of Spires, about 7 Miles South from that City, 17 East of Landau and a quarter of a League on the East ſide of the Rhine, which, with the neighbouring River Saltz, and the Marſhes that encompaſs the Town, add much to the Strength of its Fortifications, which extend almoſt to the Rhine. It ſtands exceedingly well for commanding the adjacent Country, and therefore was ſtrongly fortified in 1629, by Philip then Biſhop of Spires, who was alſo Archbiſhop of Treves, and from his own name called it Philipsburg.

Frederick V. Elector Palatine, the Sovereign of the Town, ſuſpecting the Biſhop had ill deſigns in fortifying this Place during the Peace, ordered him to deſiſt, but the Biſhop refuſed, and fortified it with 7 Royal Baſtions, and alledged the Emperor's Placaert for what he did: Upon this the Elector beat them down by Force, whereupon the Emperor ſummoned the Prince and his Confederates before the Chamber of Spires, and deſigned to proceed againſt them with the utmoſt Severity, which was one of the Cauſes that gave Riſe to the Civil Wars in Germany.

Spinola, the Spaniſh General, repaired the Fortifications which the Elector had demoliſhed, and made the Place almoſt impregnable. It has been taken no leſs than ſix times ſince, viz. in 1633 by the Imperialiſts; the Year after by the Swedes; in 1636 by the Imperialiſts; in 1644 by the Duke of Enguien, afterwards Prince of Condé; 1676 by the Germans; in 1688 by the Dauphin of France, but was reſtored to the Empire, by the Treaty of Ryſwick, in 1697.

The late French King, in 1666, when he was in poſſeſſion of this Town by the Treaty of Munſter, cauſed a Latin Inſcription to be writ over the great Gate, viz.

Tuendis Rheni finibus, &c. i. e.

'For defending the Countries on the Rhine 'LEWIS XIV. the moſt Chriſtian King of 'France and Navarre, having finiſh'd the 'Wars in both Germanies, and reſtored Peace 'every where, cauſed this Fortreſs to be 'ſtrengthen'd with theſe Ramparts and Walls 'at his own Royal Charge, as a Monument 'of his Valour, and of the Recovery of the 'German Liberty; and in 1666 he com-'pleated it for the Terror of his Enemies, 'the Support of his Allies, and for the 'Security of the French, it being the ſecond 'Bulwark of France on this Side the Rhine, 'and a Door into Germany, the loweſt in 'Situation, but not in Strength.

'*What he ſhuts no Man opens; and 'what he opens no Man ſhuts.*

But in 1676 when the Imperialiſts retook it, the Emperor ordered that Inſcription to be razed out, and another Latin one to be put in its Stead, which is thus Engliſhed:

LEOPOLD, the Emperor of Germany, Pious, Succeſsful, Auguſt, Conqueror and Triumphant, having undertaken a neceſſary War for aſſiſting his Confederates, defending his Subjects, curbing his Enemies, and reſtoring Peace every where, took this Fortreſs by a Siege, that it might be a Monument to Poſterity of his breaking of the French Yoke of Slavery from the Neck of common Liberty, and reſtored it to Germany after it had been unjuſtly taken from her. In the Year 1679, for the Terror of his Enemies, the Defence of his Subjects, and the Security of Germany, he

he ſhut againſt the French, and opened to the Germans, this ſecond Bulwark of France on this Side of the Rhine and Door into Germany, as a happy Omen of his like Succeſs in recovering more.

What the French ſhut, the Germans open.

From the Craftſman, Oct. 5. No. 431.

A Letter from the Dead.

Mr. D'Anvers,

THE Practice of writing Letters from the *Dead*, in order to juſtify the Living, is grown ſo common amongſt the *political Authors* of this Age, that I believe you will not be much ſurprized at the preſent Addreſs. *Diogenes*, *Plato* and *Socrates* amongſt the *Greeks*, *Cato*, *Brutus* and *Atticus* amongſt the *Romans*, and *Bacon*, *Sidney* and *Temple* amongſt your own Countrymen, have been in a Manner dragged out of their Graves to father other People's Works. Theſe are the worſt kind of *poſthumous Works*, that can poſſibly be laid to any Man's Charge; and I cannot help thinking it a very extraordinary Liberty, which *you above Ground* take with *us beneath*; for it tends to deſtroy that *After Fame*, which is commonly the only Reward, that *Authors* and *Patriots* receive for their Labours. Secretary *Walſingham* is quite out of Countenance to ſee his Name proſtituted at the Head of a *ſilly Paper*, in Defence of Blundering and Corruption; and poor *Frank Osborne* hath declared a Thouſand Times that He had rather have left no Reputation behind Him, as a Writer, than fall a Sacrifice to that *doting old Wretch*, who utters Nonſence in his Name every Week, and tires the World with a conſtant Repetition of the ſame dull Abſurdities.

I have hitherto had the good Fortune to eſcape pretty well; but leſt I ſhould hereafter fall into ſome of *theſe dirty Hands*, I reſolved to ſend you a Letter myſelf, with ſome Obſervations on the preſent State of *Europe* as it appears to us in theſe nether Regions.

You muſt know, Mr. *D'Anvers*, that We buſy Spirits, who formerly diſtinguiſhed ourſelves as *Politicians* in the upper World, have inſtituted a ſort of Club, where We meet together, upon all great Occaſions, and talk over worldly Affairs, as we uſed to do. Our Speculations, for 8 or 9 Years paſt, have been chiefly employed on the Counſels of *Great-Britain*, and the glorious Figure ſhe hath lately made amongſt all her Neighbours. For This ſhe is indebted to the admirable Addreſs of *two noble Brothers*, who form a Conſtellation of themſelves, like *Caſtor* and *Pollux*, and attract the Eyes of both Worlds. As thoſe *ancient Twins* were famous for different Qualifications; (*Hic Eques*, *Ille Pugil*;) the *modern Britiſh Gemini* reſemble them in this Reſpect; *one* ſhining in the Management of *domeſtick Affairs*; & the *other* in the Conduct of *foreign Negotiations*. Both of them have likewiſe ſignalized themſelves, like their Predeceſſors, by clearing the Ocean of *Pyrates*, & are now adored by the *Merchants* on that Account, as the 2 Gardian Angels of the Sea.

When the Treaty of *H——r* firſt came down, we could hardly believe our Eyes. As ſoon as *Richlieu* had read it, he tipt the Wink upon *Mazarine*, who ſate next him, and ſaid *Ah! Brother, what would I have given for* ſuch a Treaty, *in my time*? *Harley* could not forbear ſmiling a little, and only ſaid, in his ſhort Way, *well, now let them rail at the Treaty of* Utrecht, *as long as they pleaſe*. But old *Burleigh* hung down his Head, and hath not appeared with a cheerful Countenance ever ſince.

The next *Coup d'Eclat* was the Treaty of *S——le*, which Cardinal *Portecarero* read with the utmoſt Ruptures, and cried out, in the Fulneſs of his Heart, *if the* Emperor *does but comply, my Scheme is fully compleated*. As I was *Florentine* by Birth, I looked upon this Affair in a different Light, and could have wiſhed to ſee my Countrymen reſtored to their Liberty, upon the Extinction of the Houſe of *Medici*; for tho' I have been repreſented as a Patron of *arbitrary Power*, my Writings are Witneſſes to the contrary, when thoroughly underſtood, and prove me a much better Friend to the Cauſe of *Liberty* than ſome *noiſy Pretenders* amongſt you, who have actually reduced into Practice moſt of *thoſe* Rules, which I deſigned as Scarecrows, and to paint *Tyranny* in the blackeſt Colours.

The laſt Treaty of *V——a*, as well as the *Manner* of conducting it, gave us a freſh Inſtance of your great Talents at Negotiation; for as by the Treaty of *S——le*, you ſtipulated the Introduction of *Spaniſh* Garriſons into Italy, without the *Emperor's* Conſent; ſo by *this* you very wiſely guarantied the *Pragmatick Sanction*, and thereby procured the *Emperor's* Acceſſion, without the Participation of *France*. *Ay, This is a deep Fetch indeed*, ſaid Richlieu, *and what I little expected from thoſe* Northern Politicians; *but if my Brother* (naming a *certain Miniſter*) *does not reſent ſuch an Affront to himſelf, and ſuch an Indignity to his Maſter in a proper Manner, he ought to be kicked out of the Cabinet for an arrant old Woman.*

When

When we conſider the preſent Poſture of Affairs; the Diſtractions in *Poland*; the late Conqueſts in *Italy*; and the Operations on the *Rhine*; it puzzles us to gueſs what the final Iſſue will be; but at the ſame Time, it reflects immortal Honour upon that *great Genius*, who hath undertaken, by his own *ſingle Abilities*, to reconcile ſo many jarring Intereſts, and to put every thing upon a right Foot again; for to make the *victorious Party* quit all the Advantages they have gained, at an infinite Expence, and pocket the Affronts they have received, without any Reparation; or to perſuade the *other Side*, for the Sake of Peace, to ſit down patiently under their Loſſes, and relinquiſh all their Pretentions to that Aſſiſtance, which they had Reaſon to expect; either of theſe, I ſay, ſeems to be a Task equally arduous, and certainly requires no common Head; but nothing is too difficult for a *Statſman*, who hath already diſtinguiſhed himſelf by ſo many *illuſtrious Treaties*, and knows the *Ballance of Europe* exactly to an Hair.

What an Happineſs is it for *Europe* at this Time, to be ſupported by ſuch a *political Atlas*; and what an Honour to his *own Country*, which hath produced a *Genius* capable of rectifying all the Diſorders of the Age; I congratulate both one and the other on that *Dawn of Peace*, which already begins to break thro' the Clouds, and ſhine upon them, by the Force of his prevailing Negotiation.

For this Reaſon, I am ſurprized to ſee the profeſſed Advocates for *him* and his *noble Brother* crying out for Help, and imploring an *Union amongſt thoſe*, whom their Conduct hath lately divided. Methinks, this looks as if Things were going wrong, and they were almoſt got at their *ne plus ultra*; which will certainly give their Enemies an Opportunity of triumphing over them.

You will, perhaps, be ſurprized to ſee me write in ſuch a Manner, and begin to ſuſpect me of Double-dealing; but tho' I cannot forbear admiring the *two great Luminaries*, who ſhine in your Hemiſphere, I aſſure you, Mr. *D'Anvers*, that I have no Correſpondence with either of them, and conſidering their excentrick Motions, ſhall never be qualified for ſo great an Honour. I content myſelf with looking upon them at a Diſtance, as a ſort of Prodigies in Nature, who draw the World after them by ſome occult Virtue, and ſhew the Vanity of all human Wiſdom; for as they proceed by no Rules of Art, it is plain that they muſt have ſome Noſtrum, or Specifick for all *political Ruptures*, which the *Faculty* cannot diſcover, and therefore, like other Profeſſions, endeavour to cry them down as a Couple of *meer Quacks*; but their Cures ſpeak for them, like *Ward*'s Pills, and tho' they keep the Secret of the Compoſition to themſelves, every body will ſoon be convinced of its Efficacy by the Operation.

You are therefore deſired, for the publick Benefit, to inſert this Letter in your next *Craftſman*, by which you will oblige many *departed Stateſmen* here, and particularly

Your humble Servant,

N. MACHIAVEL.

(The Advice *is come to hand, and will be inſerted next.*)

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Charleſtown,

Entred inwards.

Brigt. Dragon, Aſher Mott from North-Carolina.
——. Mary, John Norton from Cadiz.

Entred out.

Ship Sarah, William Cowling for London.
—— Emelia, John Smith for Portugal.
Sloop Exeter, Henry Smith for Providence.

Clear'd for Departure.

Ship William Galley, William Vitry to Lisbon.
—— Jolliffs Adventure, Thomas Purrier to Poole.
—— Pearle Galley, Jaſon Vaughan to Cowes.
Brigt. Grace, Thomas Thompſon to North-Carolina.
Sloop Exeter, Henry Smith to Providence.

EXPORTED from this PLACE ſince *Nov.* 1, 1734.

Rice 28705 Barrels, & 1038 Baggs. Pitch 7537. Tar 2667. Turpentine 2476. Whereof 10803 Barrels of Rice, and 1006 Bags for FOREIGN MARKETS.

PRICES of the following GOODS

Rice per Hund.	57 s. 6 d.	Middl. ——	4 l. 10 s.
Pitch per Barrel	42 s. 6 d.	White ——	6 l.
Tar per Bar.	33 s. 9 d.	Milk Biſket ——	10 l.
Turpentine per C.	17 s. 6 d.	Ship Bread ——	3 l. 10 s.
Indian Corn per B.	15 s.	Salt per Buſhel	10 s.
Skins per Pound	19 s.	Wine per Pipe	80 l.
Staves no Demand.		Barbad. Rum per Hogſh.	15 s.
Flower per Hund.	3 l. 10 s.	Melaſſes per Hogſh.	10 s.
Brown Bread	3 l. 10 s.		

Advertiſements.

In the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, March 6, 1734.

WHereas divers Perſons, pretending that Sums of Money were due to them from the Public, have heretofore brought in Accounts thereof, of many Years ſtanding, and on examining of which by the Committee on Petitions and Accounts, and referring to former Journals, it hath been found that ſeveral of thoſe Accounts had before been allowed and diſcharged: For prevention therefore of ſuch Practices for the future, and that the Public may not be twice charged with the ſame Debt, nor the Committee unneceſſarily taken up in examining ſuch old Demands, IT IS ORDERED, That no Accounts or Demands of Money ſaid to be due from the Public, be hereafter admitted or received which ſhall not be brought in within *Eighteen Months* after the ſame became due; unleſs very good Vouchers for ſuch Debts, and ſubſtantial Reaſons for having deferr'd making ſuch Demand be laid before the Committee to whom the ſame ſhall be referr'd. And that no Perſon may pretend Ignorance of this Order, it is hereby directed, that it be publiſhed in the *Gazette* for three months ſucceſſively.

By Order of the Houſe, ISAAC AMYAND, *C. D. C.*

WHereas it hath appeared to the Hon^ble^ the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, that ſome of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace within this Province have, through miſtake, from time to time ſigned *Certificates* to the Publick Treaſurer, of Perſons having killed Beaſts of Prey; for which Rewards have been allowed to ſuch Perſons, tho' the ſame were not warranted by the Law in that Caſe made and provided: It is therefore ordered by the ſaid Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, that a Copy be publiſh'd of the ſaid Law *To encourage the deſtroying of Beaſts of Prey*, That the ſeveral Juſtices of Peace in this Province may be better informed of the ſame, and know how to act in Conformity thereto. And it is deſired that all Magiſtrates for the future will have it proved upon Oath, that the Perſons for whom they certifie, have killed ſuch Beaſts within the Settlements, unleſs ſuch Perſons are known to be of undoubted Credit.

By Order of the Houſe, ISAAC AMYAND, *C. D. C.*

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor wants an Overſeer for his Plantation at *Silk-hope*. Any Perſon wanting ſuch an Employ and can be well Recommended, may treat with him.

To be Sold

ON the Head of the Middle Branch of Stono River, about 16 miles from Charleſtown, a Plantation containing 432 Acres of Land, having a good Landing that comes up into the ſame, with Houſes, Barn and fencing about it, a great part of it being Cypreſs ſwamp very level and flat land, 60 or 70 Acres of the ſaid Swamp ready clear'd and fit for planting. Any perſon being deſirous to purchaſe the ſame, may treat with Richard Capers at the ſaid Plantation, or with Mr. Thomas Capers in Charleſtown.

To be Lett

A Tenement on the Green over againſt the Church in *Charleſtown*, now inhabited by *Thomas Clifford* Eſq; Enquire of him, or of Mr. *Iſaac Holmes* in *Charleſtown*.

ANy perſon that underſtands ſawing buſineſs and wants an Overſeer's Place, may apply to *John Daniel* Eſq; and find Encouragemen.

ON Tueſday the 25th day of this Inſtant at the Plantation of the late Mr. *Benjamin Godfrey* on Wapoo-Creek will be expoſed to publick Sale a choice parcel of Negro Slaves, Cattle, Horſes, and Plantation Tools, for one Year's credit, the Buyer paying the lawful Intereſt from the day of Sale, and giving Security if required The Creditors of the ſaid *Benjamin Godfrey* are, in the mean time, deſired to deliver in their ſeveral demands to Mr. *James Smallwood* in *Charleſtown*, or BENJAM. WHITAKER.

ALexander Parris Treaſurer gives notice to all Perſons keeping Publick Houſes, and to all thoſe who are Retailers of ſtrong Liquors, that their Licence expires on the 25th of this Inſtant, and that they do then come and renew the ſame, or on Neglect or Refuſal their Names will be return'd to the Attorney General to be proſecuted.

TO be LETT a Plantation, oppoſite to that of *Charles Hart* Eſq; Enquire of

SOPHIA HART.